

Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) Policy

1. Purpose

This policy sets out the approach to the requirement for disclosure and barring service checks by and for Watford Village Hall Trustees.

2. Definition

Regulated activities (see Appendix 1 and 2), need to be carried out, or are likely to be carried out at least 4 times a month or overnight for them to be considered as 'regulated activities'

Individuals who are undertaking work with children or adults that may be vulnerable, on an occasional or one-off basis cannot be the subject of a DBS check. The Trustees will still ensure any interaction with children or vulnerable adults forms part of a robust risk assessment.

Watford Village Hall Trustees currently do not carry out any regulated activities relating to either Children or Adults, as outlined in Appendix 1 and 2. Activities undertaken within the Village Hall do not raise safeguarding issues and do not require a DBS check. Disclosure and Barring checks are therefore not required for current Trustees.

Our approach will be reviewed regularly, that is, at least annually.

Date to be reviewed: January 2023

Appendix 1 – Regulated Activity relating to Children

Definition of young people / children A person who is under the age of 18.

Regulated activity in relation to children

Category 1:

- Teaching, training, instructing, caring for or supervising children in an unsupervised capacity;
- Providing advice/guidance on well-being to children in an unsupervised capacity;
- Driving a vehicle for children only in an unsupervised capacity;
- Work for a limited range of establishments (specified places) with opportunity for contact.
- Work that is done on a 'regular' basis i.e. one or more times a week or on 4 or more days in a 30-day period.

Category 2:

- Relevant personal care e.g. washing or dressing a child; or healthcare by or supervised by a professional, even if done only once
- · Registered childminding
- · Foster carers.

A DBS check is not required in respect of the activities in categories 1 and 2 if the person undertaking these activities:

- is supervised at a reasonable level (refer to guidance on supervision).
- is providing treatment or therapy (instead of 'health care').
- Is a supervised volunteer supervised at a reasonable level
- Is carrying out occasional or temporary services e.g. window cleaners.
- Is an office holder e.g. governor.

General exceptions:

Regulated activity relating to children does not include:

- Family arrangements, and personal, non-commercial arrangements.
- Activity by a person in a group assisting or acting on behalf of, or under direction of, another person engaging in regulated activity in relation to children.

Appendix 2 – Regulated Activity relating to Adults

Definition of a vulnerable adult - A vulnerable adult will be aged 18 years or over. An adult may be considered to be vulnerable at any time and as a consequence of any one, or any combination, of the following factors:

- a substantial learning or physical disability; or a physical or mental illness, chronic or otherwise, including an addiction to alcohol or drugs; or
- a substantial reduction in physical or mental capacity due to advanced age; they are substantially dependent upon others in performing basic physical functions, or their ability to communicate with those providing services or to communicate with others is severely impaired, and, as a result, they would be incapable of protecting themselves from assault or other physical or mental abuse, or there is a potential danger that their will or moral well-being may be subverted or over powered.

Regulated activity in relation to adults

Regulated activities relating to adults are outlined below. There is no requirement to carry out these activities a certain number of times before a person is deemed to be engaging in regulated activity with adults:

- Work undertaken by regulated health care professional e.g. health care assistants, physiotherapists.
- Work undertaken by a person under the direction or supervision of a health care professional
- Personal care provided to an adult e.g. assistance with washing and dressing, eating, drinking and toileting or teaching someone to do these tasks
- Social work: provision by a social care worker of social work which is required in connection with any health services or social services.
- Providing assistance to an adult e.g. with a person's cash, bills or shopping because of their age, illness or disability e.g. collecting a pension
- Providing assistance with the conduct of an adult's own affairs e.g. lasting or enduring powers of attorney or deputies appointed under the Mental Health Act
- Conveying adults for reasons of age, illness or disability to, from or between places where they receive healthcare, personal care or social work.

General exception:

Regulated activity relating to adults does not include activity by a person in a group assisting or acting on behalf of, or under direction of, another person engaging in regulated activity relating to adults.